2020

February Our communities





These bulletins refer to the former district council areas of Dorset

COMMUTING BY OCCUPATION: PURBECK

Commuting data are sourced from the Census of Population 2011 produced by the Office for National Statistics. This bulletin does not include the movements of people who live and work in the same area; have no fixed workplace; are primarily home-workers; work offshore/outside the UK; or who are full time students. It primarily presents data for movements in and out of the area largely for work purposes.

Net commuting loss from the area

7,400

In-commuters

8,600

Out-commuters

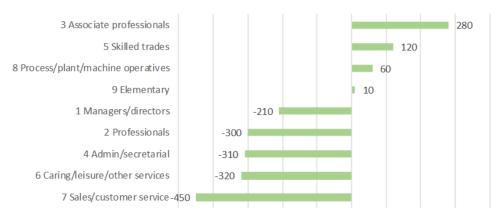
Box 1: Net commuting gain/loss

By far the biggest net commuting loss was to: Poole -1,900

The biggest net gains of workers were from:

- Weymouth & Portland +900
- West Dorset +300

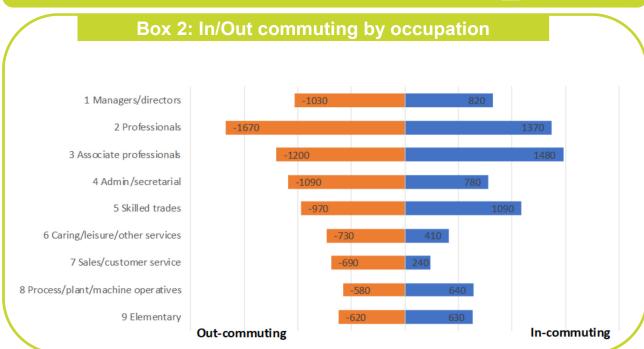
Net gain/loss by occupation: Purbeck



By occupation, the biggest net commuting losses were largely for intermediate skill occupations, but also for administrative/secretarial roles and professionals. The biggest net commuting gains were of associate professional occupations.

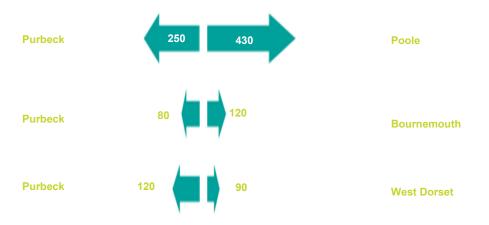
- This work was produced using statistical data from ONS. The use of the ONS statistical data in this work does not imply the endorsement of the ONS in relation to the interpretation or analysis of the statistical data. This work uses research datasets which may not exactly reproduce National Statistics aggregates
- ie there were around 2,200 in-commuters from here but 4,050 out-commuters





Box 3: Managers/directors and senior officials³

Purbeck has a net loss of 210 in this occupation with 820 in-commuters but 1,030 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole but there are other movements of people in this occupation which may be considerable but much in balance.



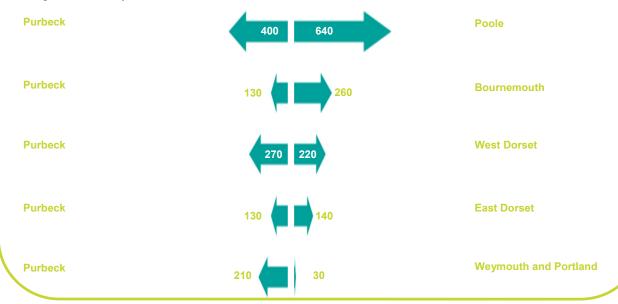
Sources/notes

3 Occupation descriptions are by Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 1 to 9, as used by the ONS



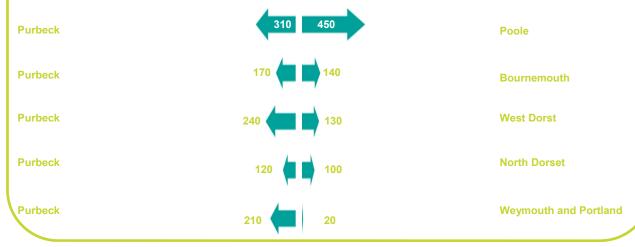
Box 4: Professional occupations

Purbeck has a net loss of 300 in this occupation with 1,370 in-commuters but 1,670 out-commuters. The biggest net losses of workers are to Poole, Bournemouth and the biggest net gain from Weymouth & Portland.



Box 5: Associate professional occupations

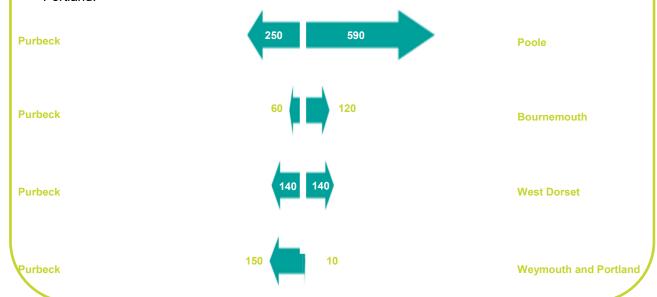
Purbeck has a net gain of 280 in this occupation with 1,480 in-commuters but 1,200 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole. The biggest net gains are from Weymouth & Portland and West Dorset.





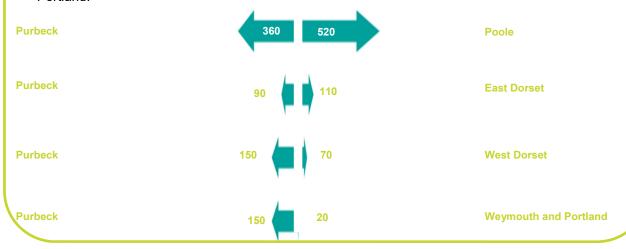
Box 6: Administrative/secretarial occupations

Purbeck has a net loss of 310 in this occupation with 780 in-commuters but 1,090 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole and the biggest net gain from Weymouth & Portland.



Box 7: Skilled trade occupations

Purbeck has a net gain of 120 in this occupation with 1,090 in-commuters but 970 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole and the biggest net gain from Weymouth & Portland.





Box 8: Caring leisure and other service occupations

Purbeck has a net loss of 320 in this occupation with 410 in-commuters but 730 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole.



Box 9: Sales and customer service occupations

Purbeck has a net loss of 450 in this occupation with 240 in-commuters but 690 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole.

Purbeck 80 430 Poole



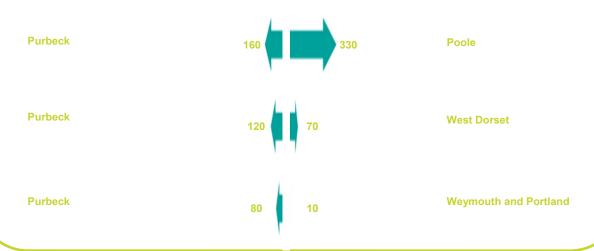
Box 10: Process plant and machine operatives

Purbeck has a net gain of 60 in this occupation with 640 in-commuters but 580 out-commuters. The biggest net loss is to Poole.

Purbeck 240 300 Poole

Box 11: Elementary occupations

Purbeck has a net gain of 10 in this occupation with 630 in-commuters but 620 out-commuters. The biggest net biggest net loss is to Poole and the biggest net gain from Weymouth & Portland.



Why does it matter?

Travelling to and from work can take a lot of time with potential impacts on health and well-being through lost opportunities for active pursuits, learning and time with family. Whilst the council cannot dictate where people should work, we can provide the necessary digital and physical infrastructure to encourage quality employment provision which may allow more choice in the labour market and openings to work closer to home.