December State of Dorset Housing



Decent homes can result in a better quality of life. Good housing can improve health and financial well-being, helping residents feel safe and secure. It helps to support thriving communities and access to a safe and suitable home provides children with the best start in life.

Housing plays a key role in economic growth and employment opportunities for individuals and businesses.

£350,000

of Dorset homes are owner-occupied.

16.3%

Private rent

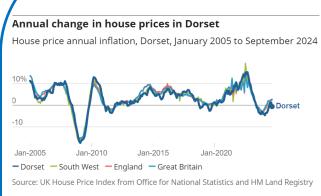
Units of social 23,414 housing

12.3%

Social Housing

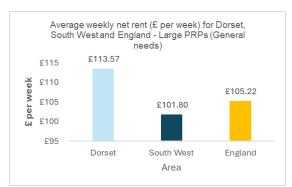
Shared Ownership 1%

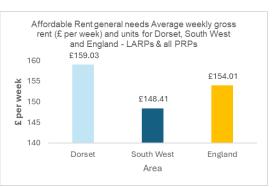
Box 1: Housing Costs





In the last twenty years, annual house prices have, in general, been on the rise, apart from a significant drop during the economic crash of 2008 and recent economic uncertainty. Dorset prices are higher than both the national and regional prices. Whilst median private rental costs are on par with the national rents, the gap between local housing allowance and rents has widened. Local Housing Allowance is used to calculate the maximum amount people renting from a private landlord can claim in Housing Benefit or Universal Credit. Local Housing Allowance was capped in 2016 but is due to increase in 2024.





The figures above show the average cost to rent a housing association property at either a social rent or an affordable rent. Affordable rents are calculated based on 80% of the market rent in our area. As market rent increases, so does the affordable rent cost.

Housing



Box 2: Housing Needs

Housing Register	2024
Band A Emergency Need	333
Band B High Need	984
Band C Medium Need	1,620
Band D Low Need	3,599

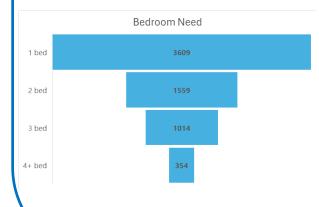
As at 31st October 2024 6,536 households were registered for housing through Homechoice Dorset, the register for those people seeking a move to social housing.

Bedroom Needs data

Across Dorset, 77.9% of homes are underoccupied by one or more bedrooms. With 64.2% of Dorset homes having 3 or more bedrooms.

The census says that 3,496 households with dependant children live in overcrowded conditions. 970 of these have applied to join the waiting list for social housing.

Whilst the biggest need is for smaller properties, families needing larger homes often wait longer to move. This is because larger homes rarely become available. During the 12 months to March 2023, 20 properties with 4 or more bedrooms were let through Homechoice Dorset.



The top heavy shape of the housing need for those who have applied to the housing register is reflected in the homeless approaches made to the Council.

Over half of emergency homeless households have a one bedroom need.

Appoximately a quarter are waiting for a two bedroom property.

Box 3: Homelessness Demand

There was a 3.5% increase in homeless approaches in the year to March 2023.

The service receives:

- Average 583 calls per month. Each call lasting up to 30 minutes.
- Average of 2,250 emails each month
- More than 4,200 contacts from the online portal
- Initial enquiries resulted in 2,394 homeless assessments

Main reasons given for homelessness

Evicted by family

End of private rented accommodation

Relationship breakdown

Victim of domestic abuse

Friends no longer willing to accommodate

Loss of social housing

Home no longer suitable

Sources

The following datasets have been used throughout the bulletin:
Regulator of Social Housing—RP Social Housing by Local Authority Area 2023-2024
Huume Housing Register Data
Office for National Statistics Housing Data